1 2 IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE 3 4 5 In Re Application of: Carmen Tawil, et al. 6 7 8 Serial No.: 09/714,011 Group Art Unit: 2611 9 Filed: November 16, 2000 Examiner: Unknown 10 11 12 FOR: APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR TRANSMITTING TERRESTRIAL SIGNALS 13 14 ON A COMMON FREQUENCY WITH 15 SATELLITE TRANSMISSIONS 16 Commissioner for Patents RECEIVED Washington, D.C. 20231 17 18 JUN 1 1 2001 19 Technology Center 2600 20 PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT OF CLAIMS 21 22 Please enter the following amendments to the claims pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.115. 23 Enter the following amended claims. Exhibit A enclosed herewith includes a marked 24 A. 25 up copy of each amended claim pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.121(c)(1)(ii). 26 27 1. (Amended) An apparatus for simultaneously transmitting terrestrial signals on a 28 common frequency with satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, the satellite

27 1. (Amended) An apparatus for simultaneously transmitting terrestrial signals on a

28 common frequency with satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, the satellite

29 transmitting satellite signals at a first frequency to a user location for reception within a

30 satellite directional reception range about the user location, the apparatus comprising:

(a) a terrestrial transmitter for transmitting terrestrial signals at the first frequency,

the terrestrial transmitter being located with respect to the user location such

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that the terrestrial transmitter transmits to the user location along a route which 1 2 is outside of the satellite directional reception range. 3 2. (Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1 wherein satellite signals are transmitted from a 4 5 plurality of satellites in geosynchronous orbit, each satellite separated from each other 6 satellite in a geosynchronous arc by an angle greater than one half of the satellite 7 directional reception range and the satellites together transmit satellite signals to the 8 user location within a combined satellite signal transmission range about the user location, and wherein: (a) the terrestrial transmitter transmits only in directions which are outside of the combined satellite signal transmission range and an angle equal to one half of 12 the satellite directional reception range outside of the boundaries of the 13 combined satellite signal transmission range. 14 3. (Amended) The apparatus of Claim 2 further comprising: 15 16 (a) a plurality of terrestrial transmitters, each transmitting signals at the first 17 frequency from a different terrestrial transmission location. 18 19 7. (Amended) A method for simultaneously providing terrestrial signals on a common frequency with satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, where the satellite is transmitting at a first frequency along a satellite transmission axis extending from the satellite to a terrestrial user location, the method comprising the steps of:

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user location such that the terrestrial transmitter transmits to the user location

user location, wherein the satellite directional reception range comprises a

limited directional range encompassing the satellite transmission axis; and

along a route which is outside of a satellite directional reception range about the

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1	В.	Add the following new claims pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.121(c)(1)(i).
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3	24.	(New) An apparatus for simultaneously broadcasting terrestrial signals to a first
4		terrestrial broadcast service area on a common frequency with satellite signals
5		transmitted from a satellite, the satellite transmitting satellite signals at a first frequency
6		to a number of user locations within the first terrestrial broadcast service area for
7		reception within a satellite directional reception range about each respective user
8		location, the apparatus comprising:
9		(a) a terrestrial transmitter for broadcasting terrestrial signals at the first frequency
10		to the first terrestrial broadcast service area, the terrestrial transmitter being
11		located with respect to each respective user location in the first terrestrial
13/ 513	•	broadcast service area such that the terrestrial transmitter broadcasts to the
13		respective user location along a route which is outside of the satellite directional
14		reception range about the respective user location.
15		
16	25.	(New) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein the satellite signals are transmitted in a
17		digital format.
18		
19	26.	(New) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein the route along which the terrestrial
20		transmitter broadcasts to each respective user location is at a terrestrial reception
21		elevation with respect to the respective user location which is above or below the

1 elevation of each direction within the satellite directional reception range about the 2 respective user location. 3 4 27. (New) The apparatus of Claim 24 wherein satellite signals are transmitted from a 5 plurality of satellites in geosynchronous orbit, each satellite separated from each other 6 satellite in a geosynchronous arc by an angle greater than one half of the satellite 7 directional reception range and the satellites together transmit satellite signals to each user location in the first terrestrial broadcast service area within a combined satellite signal transmission range about each respective user location, and wherein: (a) the terrestrial transmitter broadcasts only in directions which are outside of the combined satellite signal transmission range and an angle equal to one half of 12 the satellite directional reception range outside of the boundaries of the 13 combined satellite signal transmission range at each respective user location. 14 28. 15 (New) The apparatus of Claim 27 wherein the satellite is transmitting at the first 16 frequency along a number of additional satellite transmission axes each extending from 17 the satellite to one of a number of additional terrestrial user locations within a combined 18 terrestrial broadcast service area which includes the first terrestrial broadcast service 19 area, and further comprising: 20 (a) a plurality of additional terrestrial transmitters, each broadcasting signals at the 21 first frequency from a different terrestrial broadcasting location to a portion of

the combined terrestrial broadcast service area, each additional terrestrial

22

1 transmitter being located with respect to each respective user location in the 2 respective portion of the combined terrestrial broadcast service area to which the 3 respective additional transmitter broadcasts such that the respective additional 4 terrestrial transmitter broadcasts to the respective user location along a route 5 which is outside of the satellite directional reception range about the respective 6 user location. 7 29. 8 (New) A method for simultaneously broadcasting terrestrial signals on a common 9 frequency with satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, where the satellite is 10 transmitting at a first frequency along a satellite transmission axis extending from the 11 satellite to a number of terrestrial user locations within a first terrestrial broadcast 12 service area, the method comprising the steps of: 13 (a) broadcasting terrestrial signals at the first frequency from a terrestrial 14 transmitter to the first terrestrial broadcast service area, the terrestrial 15 transmitter being located with respect to each respective user location so as to 16 broadcast to the respective user location along a transmission route which is 17 outside of a satellite directional reception range about the respective user 18 location, wherein the satellite directional reception range comprises a limited 19 directional range encompassing the satellite transmission axis. 20 21 30. (New) The method of Claim 29 wherein the satellite signals are transmitted in a digital

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format.

(New) The method of Claim 29 wherein the route along which the terrestrial transmitter 1 31. 2 broadcasts to each respective user location is at a terrestrial reception elevation with 3 respect to the respective user location which is above or below the elevation of each 4 direction within the satellite directional reception range about the respective user 5 location. 6 7 32. (New) The method of Claim 29 wherein the satellite is transmitting at the first 8 frequency along a number of additional satellite transmission axes each extending from 9 the satellite to one of a number of additional terrestrial user locations within a combined 10 terrestrial broadcast service area which includes the first terrestrial broadcast service area, and further comprising the step of: (a) broadcasting terrestrial signals at the first frequency to the combined terrestrial 13 broadcast service area from a plurality of additional terrestrial transmitters at 14 different terrestrial locations, each additional terrestrial transmitter broadcasting 15 to a respective portion of the combined terrestrial broadcast service area and 16 being located with respect to each respective user location in that respective 17 portion of the combined terrestrial broadcast service area so as to broadcast to 18 the respective user location along a transmission route which is outside of the 19 satellite directional reception range about the respective user location. 20 21 33. (New) An apparatus for simultaneously broadcasting terrestrial signals on a common

frequency with satellite signals transmitted from a satellite, the satellite transmitting

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1 satellite signals at a first frequency to a number of user locations in a first terrestrial 2 broadcast service area for reception within a satellite directional reception range about 3 each respective user location, the apparatus comprising: 4 (a) a terrestrial transmitter for broadcasting terrestrial signals to the first terrestrial broadcast service area at the first frequency from a fixed terrestrial location 5 6 which forms a fixed geometry with each respective user location and the 7 satellite, the terrestrial transmitter being located with respect to each respective 8 user location such that the terrestrial transmitter broadcasts to the respective user location along a route which is outside of the satellite directional reception range about the respective user location. 12 34. (New) The apparatus of Claim 33 wherein the satellite signals are transmitted in a digital 13 format. 14 35. 15 (New) The apparatus of Claim 33 wherein the route along which the terrestrial 16 transmitter broadcasts to each respective user location is at a terrestrial reception 17 elevation with respect to the respective user location which is above or below the 18 elevation of each direction within the satellite directional reception range about the 19 respective user location. 20 21 36. (New) The apparatus of Claim 33 wherein satellite signals are transmitted from a 22 plurality of satellites in geosynchronous orbit, each satellite separated from each other

satellite in a geosynchronous arc by an angle greater than one half of the satellite directional reception range and the satellites together transmit satellite signals to each respective user location within a combined satellite signal transmission range about the respective user location, and wherein:

(a) the terrestrial transmitter broadcasts only in directions which are outside of the combined satellite signal transmission range and an angle equal to one half of the satellite directional reception range outside of the boundaries of the combined satellite signal transmission range at the respective user location.

(New) The apparatus of Claim 36 wherein the satellite is transmitting at the first frequency along a number of additional satellite transmission axes each extending from the satellite to one of a number of additional terrestrial user locations within a combined terrestrial broadcast service area which includes the first terrestrial broadcast service area, and further comprising:

(a) a plurality of additional terrestrial transmitters, each broadcasting to a portion of the combined terrestrial broadcast service area from a different fixed terrestrial transmission location which forms a fixed geometry with the satellite and each respective user location in the respective portion of the combined terrestrial broadcast service area, each additional terrestrial transmitter being located with respect to each respective user location to which the respective additional terrestrial transmitter broadcasts such that the respective additional terrestrial transmitter broadcasts to the respective user location along a route which is